

Consolidated Community Benefit Plan
FISCAL YEAR 2024
Kaiser Foundation Hospitals in California

SANTA CLARA
Northern California Region



Kaiser Foundation Hospitals (KFH)

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I. Introduction and Background

A. About Kaiser Permanente

Kaiser Permanente is an integrated health care delivery system comprised of Kaiser Foundation Hospitals, Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, and physicians in the Permanente Medical Groups. For more than 75 years, Kaiser Permanente has been committed to shaping the future of health and health care — and helping our members, patients, and communities experience more healthy years. We are recognized as one of America’s leading health care providers and nonprofit health plans.

Kaiser Permanente is committed to helping shape the future of health care. Founded in 1945, Kaiser Permanente has a mission to provide high- quality, affordable health care services and to improve the health of our members and the communities we serve. We currently serve 12.4 million members in 8 states and the District of Columbia. Care for members and patients is focused on their total health and guided by their personal Permanente Medical Group physicians, specialists, and team of caregivers. Our expert and caring medical teams are empowered and supported by industry-leading technological advances and tools for health promotion, disease prevention, state-of-the-art care delivery, and world-class chronic disease management. Kaiser Permanente is dedicated to care innovations, clinical research, health education, and the support of community health.

B. About Kaiser Permanente Community Health

At Kaiser Permanente, we recognize that where we live and how we live has a big impact on our health and well-being. Our work is driven by our mission: to provide high-quality, affordable health care services and to improve the health of our members and our communities. It is also driven by our heritage of prevention and health promotion, and by our conviction that good health is a fundamental right.

As the nation’s largest nonprofit, integrated health system, Kaiser Permanente is uniquely positioned to improve the health and wellbeing of the communities we serve. We believe that being healthy is not just a result of high-quality medical care. Through our resources, reach, and partnerships, we are addressing unmet social needs and community factors that impact health. Kaiser Permanente is accelerating efforts to broaden the scope of our care and services to address all factors that affect people’s health. Having a safe place to live, enough money in the bank, access to healthy meals and meaningful social connections is essential to total health. Now is a time when our commitment to health and values compels us to do all we can to create more healthy years for everyone. We also share our financial resources, research, nurses and physicians, and our clinical practices and knowledge through a variety of grantmaking and investment efforts.

Learn more about Kaiser Permanente Community Health at <https://about.kaiserpermanente.org/community-health>.

For information on the CHNA, refer to the [2022 Community Health Needs Assessments and Implementation Strategies](http://www.kp.org/chna) (<http://www.kp.org/chna>).

C. Purpose of the Report

Since 1996, Kaiser Foundation Hospitals (KFH) in Northern and Southern California (NCAL, SCAL) have annually submitted to the California Department of Health Care Access and Information (HCAI) a Consolidated Community Benefit Plan, commonly referred to as the SB 697 Report (for Senate Bill 697 which mandated its existence). This plan fulfills the annual year-end community benefit reporting regulations under the California Health and Safety Code, Section 127340 et seq. The report provides detailed information and financial data on the Community Benefit programs, services, and activities provided by all KFH hospitals in California.

II. Overview and Description of Community Benefit Programs Provided

A. California Kaiser Foundation Hospitals Community Benefit Financial Contribution

In California, KFH owns and operates 36 hospitals: 21 community hospitals in Northern California and 15 in Southern California, all accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO). KFH hospitals are located in Anaheim, Antioch, Baldwin Park, Downey, Fontana, Fremont, Fresno, Irvine, Los Angeles, Manteca, Modesto, Moreno Valley, Oakland, Ontario, Panorama City, Redwood City, Richmond, Riverside, Roseville, Sacramento, San Diego, San Francisco, San Jose, San Leandro, San Marcos, San Rafael, Santa Clara, Santa Rosa, South Bay, South Sacramento, South San Francisco, Vacaville, Vallejo, Walnut Creek, West Los Angeles, and Woodland Hills.

In 2024, Kaiser Foundation Hospitals in Northern and Southern California Regions provided a total of **\$1,817,728,928** in Community Benefit for a diverse range of community projects, medical care services, research, and training for health and medical professionals. These programs and services are organized in alignment with SB697 regulations:

- Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations
- Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations
- Benefits for the Broader Community
- Health, Research, Education and Training

A breakdown of financial contributions is provided in Table A. Note that 'non-quantifiable benefits' will be highlighted in the Year end Results section of KFH Community Benefit Plan, where applicable.

Table A

2024 Community Benefits Provided by Kaiser Foundation Hospitals in California (Endnotes in Appendix)

Category	Total Spend
Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations	
Medi-Cal shortfall ¹	\$713,469,866
Charity care: Medical Financial Assistance Program ²	\$775,417,176
Grants and donations for medical services ³	\$32,093,429
Subtotal	\$1,520,980,471
Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations	
Watts Counseling and Learning Center ⁴	\$4,405,591
Educational Outreach Program ⁴	\$805,369
Youth Internship and Education programs ⁵	\$5,909,392
Grants and donations for community-based programs ⁶	\$44,509,093
Community Benefit administration and operations ⁷	\$10,303,073
Subtotal	\$65,932,518
Benefits for the Broader Community	
Community health education and promotion programs	\$1,405,096
Community Giving Campaign administrative expenses	\$461,693
Grants and donations for the broader community ⁸	\$9,385,626
National Board of Directors fund	\$742,602
Subtotal	\$11,995,017
Health Research, Education, and Training	
Graduate Medical Education ⁹	\$131,903,855
Non-MD provider education and training programs ¹⁰	\$42,155,356
Grants and donations for the education of health care professionals ¹¹	\$4,163,885
Health research	\$40,597,825
Subtotal	\$218,820,921
TOTAL COMMUNITY BENEFITS PROVIDED	\$1,817,728,928

B. Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations

Medi-Cal

Kaiser Permanente provides coverage to Medi-Cal members in 32 counties in California through both direct contracts with the Department of Health Care Services (DHCS), and through delegated arrangements with other Medi-Cal managed care plans (MCPs). Kaiser Permanente also provides subsidized health care on a fee-for-service basis for Medi-Cal beneficiaries not enrolled as KFHP members. Reimbursement for some services is usually significantly below the cost of care and is considered subsidized care to non-member Medi-Cal fee-for-service patients.

Charitable Health Coverage

The Charitable Health Coverage program provides health care coverage to low-income individuals and families who do not have access to other public or private health coverage. CHC programs work by enrolling qualifying individuals in a Kaiser Permanente Individual and Family Health Plan. Through CHC, members' monthly premiums are subsidized, and members do not have to pay copays or out-of-pocket costs for most care at Kaiser Permanente facilities. Through CHC, members have a medical home that includes comprehensive coverage, preventive services and consistent access through the "front door" of the health delivery system.

Medical Financial Assistance

The Medical Financial Assistance program (MFA) improves health care access for people with limited incomes and resources and is fundamental to Kaiser Permanente's mission. Our MFA program helps low-income, uninsured, and underinsured patients receive access to care. The program provides temporary financial assistance or free care to patients who receive health care services from our providers, regardless of whether they have health coverage or are uninsured.

C. Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations

Watts Counseling and Learning Center (SCAL)

Since 1967, the Watts Counseling and Learning Center (WCLC) has been a valuable community resource for low-income, inner-city families in South Central Los Angeles. WCLC provides mental health and counseling services, educational assistance to children with learning disabilities, and a state-licensed and nationally accredited preschool program. Kaiser Permanente Health Plan membership is not required to receive these services, and all services are offered in both English and Spanish. This program primarily serves the KFH-Downey, KFH-South Bay and KFH-West LA communities.

Educational Outreach Program (SCAL)

Since 1992, Educational Outreach Program (EOP) has been empowering children and their families through several year-round educational, counseling, and social programs. EOP helps individuals develop crucial life-skills to pursue higher education, live a healthier lifestyle through physical activity and proper nutrition, overcome mental obstacles by participating in counseling, and instill confidence to advocate for the community. EOP primarily serves the KFH-Baldwin Park community.

Youth Internship and Education Programs (NCAL and SCAL)

Youth workforce programs such as the Summer Youth Employment Programs, IN-ROADS or KP LAUNCH focus on providing underserved students with meaningful employment experiences in the health care field. Educational sessions and motivational workshops introduce them to the possibility of pursuing a career in health care while enhancing job skills and work performance. These programs serve as a pipeline for the organization and community-at-large, addressing workforce shortages and enhancing cultural competency within the health care workforce.

D. Benefits for the Broader Community

Community Health Education and Health Promotion Programs (NCAL and SCAL)

Health Education provides evidence-based clinically effective programs, printed materials, and training sessions to empower participants to build healthier lifestyles. This program incorporates tested models of behavior change, individual/group engagement and motivational interviewing as a language to elicit behavior change. Many of the programs and resources are offered in partnership with community-based organizations, and schools.

E. Health Research, Education, and Training Programs

Graduate Medical Education (GME)

The Graduate Medical Education (GME) program provides training and education for medical residents and interns in the interest of educating the next generation of physicians. Residents are offered the opportunity to serve a large, culturally diverse patient base in a setting with sophisticated technology and information systems, established clinical guidelines and an emphasis on preventive and primary care. The majority of medical residents are studying within the primary care medicine areas of family practice, internal medicine, ob/gyn, pediatrics, preventive medicine, and psychiatry.

Non-MD Provider Education and Training Programs

Kaiser Permanente provides a range of training and education programs for nurse practitioners, nurses, radiology and sonography technicians, physical therapists, post-graduate psychology and social work students, pharmacists, and other non-physician health professionals. This includes Northern California Region's Kaiser Permanente School of Allied Health Sciences, which offers 18-month training programs in sonography, nuclear medicine, and radiation therapy, and Southern California Region's Hippocrates Circle Program, which was designed to provide youth from underserved communities with an awareness of career opportunities as a physician.

Health Research

Kaiser Permanente's research efforts are core to the organization's mission to improve population health, and its commitment to continued learning. Kaiser Permanente researchers study critical health issues such as cancer, cardiovascular conditions, diabetes, behavioral and mental health, and health care delivery improvement. Kaiser Permanente's research is broadly focused on three themes: understanding health risks; addressing patients' needs and improving health outcomes; and informing policy

and practice to facilitate the use of evidence-based care. Kaiser Permanente is uniquely positioned to conduct research due to its rich, longitudinal, electronic clinical databases that capture virtually complete health care delivery, payment, decision-making and behavioral data across inpatient, outpatient, and emergency department settings.

III. Community Served

A. Kaiser Permanente's Definition of Community Served

Kaiser Permanente defines the community served by a hospital as those individuals residing within its hospital service area. A hospital service area includes all residents in a defined geographic area surrounding the hospital and does not exclude low-income or underserved populations.

B. Demographic Profile of Community Served

KFH-Santa Clara service area demographic profile

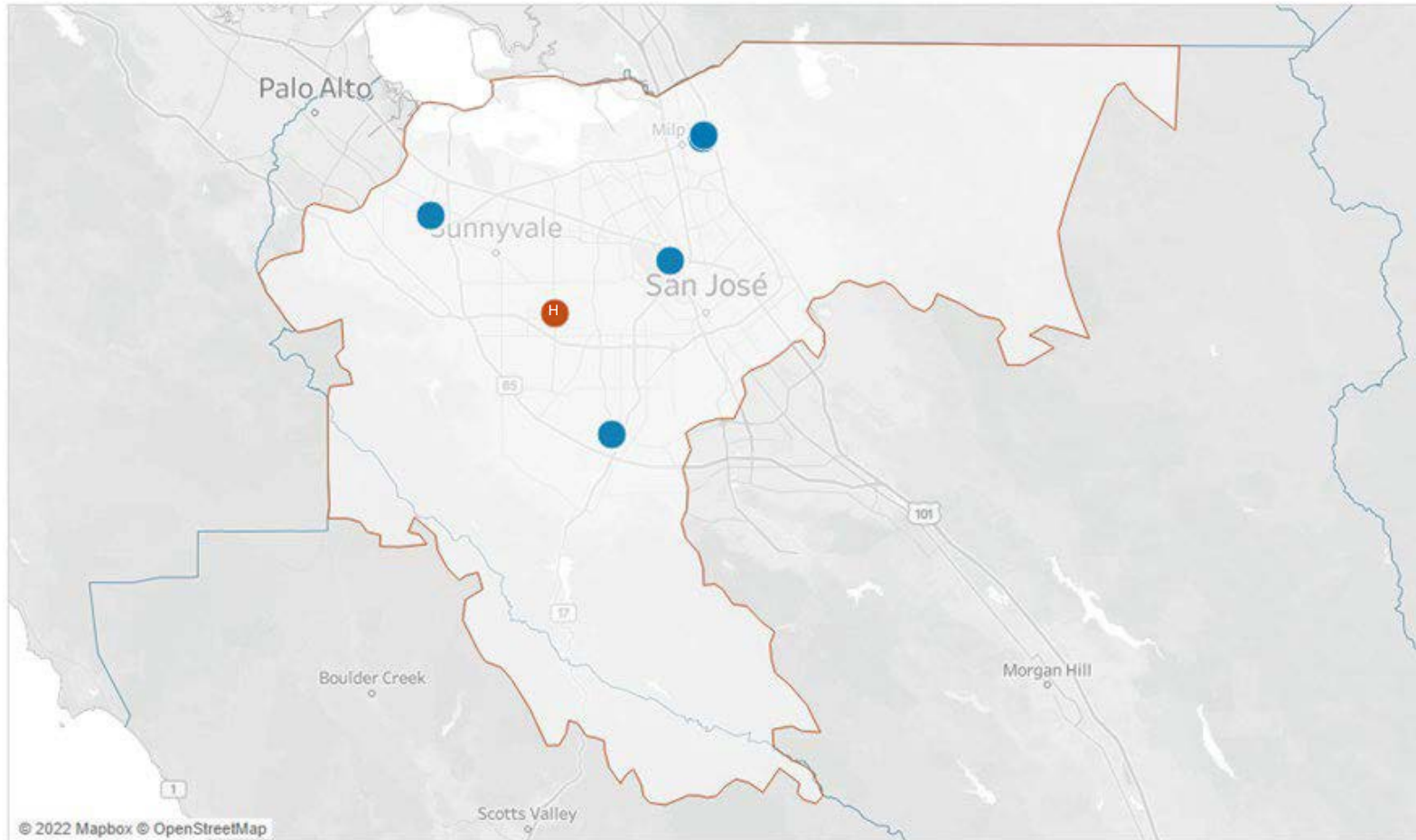
Total population:	1,332,047
American Indian/Alaska Native	0.2%
Asian	40.7%
Black	2.3%
Hispanic	23.9%
Multiracial	3.4%
Native Hawaiian/other Pacific Islander	0.3%
Other race/ethnicity	0.2%
White	29.0%
Under age 18	21.5%
Age 65 and over	12.7%

SOURCE: AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY, 2015-2019

C. Map and Description of Community Served

KFH-Santa Clara service area

 Kaiser Permanente hospital  Kaiser Permanente medical offices



The KFH-Santa Clara service area comprises most of the northwest half of Santa Clara County and includes the cities and towns of Campbell, Cupertino, Los Altos, Los Gatos, Milpitas, Mountain View, San José, Santa Clara, Saratoga, and Sunnyvale.

IV. Description of Community Health Needs Addressed

The following are the health needs KFH-Santa Clara is addressing during the 2023-2025 Implementation Strategy period. For information about the process and criteria used to select these health needs and the health needs that were not selected (and the rationale), please review the [2022 CHNA Report and the 2023-2025 Implementation Strategy Report](http://www.kp.org/chna). (<http://www.kp.org/chna>).

A. Health Needs Addressed

1. **Mental & behavioral health:** Despite having more mental health providers than the national per capita average, mental and behavioral health outcomes for residents of the Santa Clara service area present a critical and urgent need, exacerbated by the COVID-19 pandemic. Rates for indicators of mental and behavioral health, including thoughts about committing suicide, are higher for Santa Clara County compared to the state. The need for mental health services for issues like depression and anxiety was heightened by COVID-19, especially during the shelter-in-place order for youth, homebound seniors, and people living alone. People reported that COVID-19 exacerbated stressors across a wide array of social factors, like housing, jobs, and income, which has led to an increase in anxiety, depression and indicators related to suicide. Informants identified children, women, LGBTQ youth and transgender people, immigrants, and particularly those with a history of trauma, as groups that are more likely to need mental and behavioral health services.
2. **Access to care:** Despite having more insured residents, physicians, and dentists within the Santa Clara service area compared with Santa Clara County and the state, disparities in access to care persist. Neighborhoods in the eastern region of the Santa Clara service area and two central neighborhoods experience the highest rates of uninsurance compared with the Santa Clara service area overall. Medicaid/public insurance (i.e., Medi-Cal) enrollment for the Santa Clara service area is lower than average in areas with relatively high insurance coverage. Two areas with a relatively high proportion of underserved communities have both higher rates of uninsurance and lower Medi-Cal enrollment rates, which may reflect the fear of accessing services (e.g., because of immigration status) that were cited by key informants. While the Santa Clara service area has a higher-than-average supply of physicians and dentists, many people feel that health care providers do not mirror the community culturally or linguistically. Key informants cited the high cost of insurance as a barrier to access, especially for those who do not qualify for Medi-Cal. Other barriers included inadequate coverage and people not knowing how to navigate the health system, including utilizing the coverage they have and knowing where to go for care. The switch to virtual visits during the COVID-19 pandemic allowed health systems to continue to provide care, but many patients faced challenges that included lack of access to a computer, internet, or a private space for a visit, as well as limited skills using digital platforms.
3. **Housing:** The lack of affordable housing is a critical issue for the Santa Clara service area, especially for renters. The service area has higher rates of overcrowded housing, higher rental costs, and a lower housing affordability index compared with the state. Key informants consistently expressed concern over the high cost of living and lack of affordable housing. They also shared concerns over the growing number of families living in overcrowded housing, couch surfing, or experiencing homelessness. In addition to the lack of affordable and adequate housing, there are not enough shelters available to meet this

growing need. Despite the magnitude of the problem, many informants noted a lack of will and resources to implement the strategies that are necessary to fully address this issue.

4. **Healthy Eating Active Living opportunities:** Issues related to healthy eating and active living (HEAL), including access to transit, healthy food, and walkable neighborhoods present major health barriers in the Santa Clara service area. The walkability index score for the Santa Clara service area was higher than the national average but lower than the state average. Walkability disproportionately impacts underserved communities, especially one neighborhood with higher percentage of Black/African American and Hispanic residents than the overall service area. Key informants cited widespread joblessness and economic instability as the underlying cause of the lack of HEAL opportunities. Informants reported that COVID-19 economic impacts shifted the community provider focus from nutrition education to helping households meet their basic needs such as food and housing. Additionally, funding shifted away from HEAL strategies to mitigate the immediate effects of COVID-19.

B. Health Needs Not Addressed

The significant health need identified in the 2022 CHNA that KFH-Santa Clara does not plan to address is Food Insecurity. The reason Food Insecurity was not selected is that sufficient community resources exist to address this need.

V. Year-End Results

A. Community Benefit Financial Resources

Total Community Benefit expenditures are reported as follows:

- Medical care services for vulnerable populations include unreimbursed inpatient costs for participation in Kaiser Permanente-subsidized and government-sponsored health care insurance programs.
- Since 2006, figures for subsidized products have been reported on a cost-basis (e.g., the difference of total revenues collected for services less direct and indirect expenses).
- Grant and donations are recorded in the general ledger in the appropriate amount and accounting period on an accrual, not cash basis. The amount reported reflects hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures are not available, dollars are allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of KFHP members.
- The unreimbursed portion of medical, nursing, and other health care professional education and training costs are included.

Resource allocations are reported as follows:

- Financial expenditures are reported in exact amounts, if available, by hospital service area.
- If exact financial expenditure amounts are not available by hospital service area, then regional expenses are allocated proportionally based on KFHP membership or other quantifiable data.

Table B**KFH-Santa Clara Community Benefits Provided in 2024** (Endnotes in Appendix)

Category	Total Spend
Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations	
Medi-Cal shortfall ¹	\$20,938,306
Charity care: Medical Financial Assistance Program ²	\$34,151,537
Grants and donations for medical services ³	\$456,298
Subtotal	\$55,546,141
Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations	
Youth Internship and Education programs ⁵	\$180,349
Grants and donations for community-based programs ⁶	\$731,809
Community Benefit administration and operations ⁷	\$442,491
Subtotal	\$1,354,649
Benefits for the Broader Community	
Community Giving Campaign administrative expenses	\$26,241
Grants and donations for the broader community ⁸	\$231,355
National Board of Directors fund	\$39,827
Subtotal	\$297,423
Health Research, Education, and Training	
Graduate Medical Education ⁹	\$14,776,985
Non-MD provider education and training programs ¹⁰	\$2,323,312
Health research	\$2,944,561
Subtotal	\$20,044,858
TOTAL COMMUNITY BENEFITS PROVIDED	\$77,243,071

B. Examples of Activities to Address Selected Health Needs

All Kaiser Foundation Hospitals planned for and drew on a broad array of resources and strategies to improve the health of our communities. Resources and strategies deployed to address the identified health needs of communities include grantmaking, in-kind resources, and collaborations with community-based organizations such as local health departments and other hospital systems. Kaiser Permanente also leverages internal programs such as Medicaid, charitable health coverage, medical financial assistance, health professional education, and research to address needs prioritized in communities. Grants to community-based organizations are a key part of the contributions Kaiser Permanente makes each year to address identified health needs, and we prioritize work intended to reduce health disparities and improve health equity. In addition to contributing financial resources, we leveraged assets from across Kaiser Permanente to help us achieve our mission to improve the health of communities. The complete 2022 IS report is available at <https://www.kp.org/chna>.

For each priority health need in the 2022 Implementation Strategy, examples of stories of impact are described below. Additionally, Kaiser Permanente NCAL provided significant contributions to the East Bay Community Foundation (EBCF) in the interest of funding effective long-term, strategic community benefit initiatives. These EBCF-managed funds, however, are not included in the financial totals for 2024.

Access to care

KFH-Santa Clara ensures access to care by serving those most in need of health care through Medicaid, medical financial assistance, and charitable health coverage.

Care and coverage programs, KFH-Santa Clara

Year	Care & coverage details	Medicaid, CHIP, and other government-sponsored programs	Charitable Health Coverage	Medical Financial Assistance	Total
2024	Investment	\$20,938,306	\$0	\$34,151,537	\$55,089,843
2024	Individuals served	29,531	12	26,037	55,580

Despite having more insured residents overall compared to the state, the Santa Clara service area experience disparities in access to care. Neighborhoods in the eastern region of the Santa Clara service area with a relatively high proportion of underserved groups experience the highest rates of uninsurance and lowest Medicaid and Medi-Cal enrollment rates compared to the rest of the area. Even with insurance coverage key informants reported that many residents face barriers accessing care due to the high cost of insurance, inadequate coverage, and difficulty navigating the health care system. In response, the California Immigrant Policy Center (CIPC), Catholic Charities of Santa Clara County, and Sacred Heart Community Services are working together to ensure low-income, uninsured, or underinsured community members could access quality health care. By providing enrollment support, outreach, and education on coverage options like Medi-Cal and marketplace plans, these organizations aim to help families in underserved areas successfully access care. Collectively they served 145,932 individuals, with CIPC serving 84,400 people, Catholic Charities serving 1,532 individuals, and Sacred Heart Community Services serving 60,000 individuals. Ensuring residents can secure coverage and access care resulted in improved health outcomes and reduced health disparities across the Santa Clara service area.

Healthy Eating and Active Living

In the Santa Clara service area issues related to Healthy Eating and Active Living (HEAL), such as limited access to healthy food, walkable neighborhoods, and transit, create significant health barriers. These barriers disproportionately impact some neighborhoods within the service area, with underserved communities and low-income families being particularly impacted. Key informants cited limited places where people can access food and high food prices in the service area, with the COVID-19 pandemic only exacerbating these challenges. To address this Second Harvest, Silicon Valley worked closely with local communities to improve access to healthy food through outreach, pre-screening, and enrollment in food assistance programs for 8,000 clients. Second Harvest also collaborated with schools to enroll children in the PreK-12 Schools Free Grocery Distribution program, with the aim of providing nutritious food to 14,000 families and individuals in need, while also addressing the root

causes of hunger. Through grant support, Second Harvest deepened relationships with local communities and expanded their impact to reach 22,000 food insecure individuals and families.

Housing

The lack of affordable housing in the Santa Clara service area has reached crisis levels, with rising rental costs, overcrowded living conditions, and a shortage of shelter options leading to increasing numbers of families at risk of homelessness. To address this, the Community Services Agency of Mountain View and Los Altos, along with Rebuilding Together Silicon Valley, are providing vital rental assistance and home repair services. These programs offer financial support to 90 struggling renters to prevent eviction and displacement, while home repairs help 500 individuals remain in safe, habitable housing. By addressing both financial and physical barriers to stable housing, these efforts ensured that families at risk of losing their homes could retain their housing and avoid homelessness.

Mental and Behavioral Health

Despite having a higher number of mental health providers per capita than the national average, the Santa Clara service area faces an urgent need for improved access to mental and behavioral health resources. The COVID-19 pandemic exacerbated existing challenges, resulting in rising rates of anxiety, depression, and suicidal ideation among youth. To help address these issues, Big Brothers Big Sisters of the Bay Area offers one-on-one, community-based mentorship to 280 diverse, underserved teens across the greater Bay Area by matching them with culturally competent, vetted, and trained adult mentors. Through participation in this program, youth learned critical emotional regulation skills and gained a better understanding of how to seek and access mental health services. With these tools, they were able to experience increased stability and reduce their symptoms of depression and other mental health conditions.

VI. Appendix

Appendix A

2024 Community Benefits Provided by Hospital Service Area in California

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA HOSPITALS	
Hospital	Amount
Antioch	\$47,720,034
Fremont	\$22,970,664
Fresno	\$34,586,158
Manteca	\$71,760,342
Modesto	\$36,893,159
Oakland	\$99,321,992
Redwood City	\$26,948,137
Richmond	\$47,225,724
Roseville	\$81,181,909
Sacramento	\$124,225,099
San Francisco	\$50,536,977
San Jose	\$54,457,366
San Leandro	\$53,802,209
San Rafael	\$20,297,900
Santa Clara	\$77,243,071
Santa Rosa	\$40,236,328
South Sacramento	\$106,133,891
South San Francisco	\$22,693,794
Vacaville	\$38,961,577
Vallejo	\$53,996,988
Walnut Creek	\$41,424,543
Northern California Total	\$1,152,617,863

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA HOSPITALS	
Hospital	Amount
Anaheim	\$30,956,879
Baldwin Park	\$40,954,828
Downey	\$61,000,446
Fontana	\$95,164,025
Irvine	\$18,244,549
Los Angeles	\$83,781,616
Moreno Valley	\$26,631,059
Ontario	\$11,541,841
Panorama City	\$44,037,549
Riverside	\$47,736,423
San Diego (2 hospitals)	\$65,670,970
San Marcos	\$14,424,173
South Bay	\$39,041,738
West Los Angeles	\$59,341,185
Woodland Hills	\$26,583,785
Southern California Total	\$665,111,065

Appendix B

Endnotes

- ¹ Amount includes hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures for Medi-Cal Managed Care members and Medi-Cal Fee-for-Service beneficiaries on a cost basis.
- ² Amount includes unreimbursed care provided to patients who qualify for Medical Financial Assistance on a cost basis.
- ³ Figures reported in this section for grants and donations consist of charitable contributions to community clinics and other safety-net providers and support access to care.
- ⁴ Applicable to only SCAL - Watts Counseling and Learning Center's service expenses are divided among three hospitals: KFH-Downey, KFH-South Bay, and KFH-West Los Angeles. Educational Outreach Program service expenses are only applicable to KFH-Baldwin Park.
- ⁵ Figures reported in this section are expenses for youth internship and education programs for under-represented populations.
- ⁶ Figures reported in this section for grants and donations consist of charitable contributions to community-based organizations that address the nonmedical needs of vulnerable populations.
- ⁷ The amount reflects the costs of the community benefit department and related operational expenses.
- ⁸ Figures reported in this section for grants and donations are aimed at supporting the general well-being of the broader community.
- ⁹ Amount reflects the net expenditures for training and education for medical residents, interns, and fellows.
- ¹⁰ Amount reflects the net expenditures for health professional education and training programs.
- ¹¹ Figures reported in this section for grants and donations consist of charitable contributions made to external nonprofit organizations, colleges, and universities to support the training and education of students seeking to become health care professionals.