

Consolidated Community Benefit Plan
FISCAL YEAR 2024
Kaiser Foundation Hospitals in California

SAN RAFAEL
Northern California Region



Kaiser Foundation Hospitals (KFH)

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I. Introduction and Background

A. About Kaiser Permanente

Kaiser Permanente is an integrated health care delivery system comprised of Kaiser Foundation Hospitals, Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, and physicians in the Permanente Medical Groups. For more than 75 years, Kaiser Permanente has been committed to shaping the future of health and health care — and helping our members, patients, and communities experience more healthy years. We are recognized as one of America’s leading health care providers and nonprofit health plans.

Kaiser Permanente is committed to helping shape the future of health care. Founded in 1945, Kaiser Permanente has a mission to provide high- quality, affordable health care services and to improve the health of our members and the communities we serve. We currently serve 12.4 million members in 8 states and the District of Columbia. Care for members and patients is focused on their total health and guided by their personal Permanente Medical Group physicians, specialists, and team of caregivers. Our expert and caring medical teams are empowered and supported by industry-leading technological advances and tools for health promotion, disease prevention, state-of-the-art care delivery, and world-class chronic disease management. Kaiser Permanente is dedicated to care innovations, clinical research, health education, and the support of community health.

B. About Kaiser Permanente Community Health

At Kaiser Permanente, we recognize that where we live and how we live has a big impact on our health and well-being. Our work is driven by our mission: to provide high-quality, affordable health care services and to improve the health of our members and our communities. It is also driven by our heritage of prevention and health promotion, and by our conviction that good health is a fundamental right.

As the nation’s largest nonprofit, integrated health system, Kaiser Permanente is uniquely positioned to improve the health and wellbeing of the communities we serve. We believe that being healthy is not just a result of high-quality medical care. Through our resources, reach, and partnerships, we are addressing unmet social needs and community factors that impact health. Kaiser Permanente is accelerating efforts to broaden the scope of our care and services to address all factors that affect people’s health. Having a safe place to live, enough money in the bank, access to healthy meals and meaningful social connections is essential to total health. Now is a time when our commitment to health and values compels us to do all we can to create more healthy years for everyone. We also share our financial resources, research, nurses and physicians, and our clinical practices and knowledge through a variety of grantmaking and investment efforts.

Learn more about Kaiser Permanente Community Health at <https://about.kaiserpermanente.org/community-health>.

For information on the CHNA, refer to the [2022 Community Health Needs Assessments and Implementation Strategies](http://www.kp.org/chna) (<http://www.kp.org/chna>).

C. Purpose of the Report

Since 1996, Kaiser Foundation Hospitals (KFH) in Northern and Southern California (NCAL, SCAL) have annually submitted to the California Department of Health Care Access and Information (HCAI) a Consolidated Community Benefit Plan, commonly referred to as the SB 697 Report (for Senate Bill 697 which mandated its existence). This plan fulfills the annual year-end community benefit reporting regulations under the California Health and Safety Code, Section 127340 et seq. The report provides detailed information and financial data on the Community Benefit programs, services, and activities provided by all KFH hospitals in California.

II. Overview and Description of Community Benefit Programs Provided

A. California Kaiser Foundation Hospitals Community Benefit Financial Contribution

In California, KFH owns and operates 36 hospitals: 21 community hospitals in Northern California and 15 in Southern California, all accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO). KFH hospitals are located in Anaheim, Antioch, Baldwin Park, Downey, Fontana, Fremont, Fresno, Irvine, Los Angeles, Manteca, Modesto, Moreno Valley, Oakland, Ontario, Panorama City, Redwood City, Richmond, Riverside, Roseville, Sacramento, San Diego, San Francisco, San Jose, San Leandro, San Marcos, San Rafael, Santa Clara, Santa Rosa, South Bay, South Sacramento, South San Francisco, Vacaville, Vallejo, Walnut Creek, West Los Angeles, and Woodland Hills.

In 2024, Kaiser Foundation Hospitals in Northern and Southern California Regions provided a total of **\$1,817,728,928** in Community Benefit for a diverse range of community projects, medical care services, research, and training for health and medical professionals. These programs and services are organized in alignment with SB697 regulations:

- Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations
- Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations
- Benefits for the Broader Community
- Health, Research, Education and Training

A breakdown of financial contributions is provided in Table A. Note that 'non-quantifiable benefits' will be highlighted in the Year end Results section of KFH Community Benefit Plan, where applicable.

Table A

2024 Community Benefits Provided by Kaiser Foundation Hospitals in California (Endnotes in Appendix)

Category	Total Spend
Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations	
Medi-Cal shortfall ¹	\$713,469,866
Charity care: Medical Financial Assistance Program ²	\$775,417,176
Grants and donations for medical services ³	\$32,093,429
Subtotal	\$1,520,980,471
Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations	
Watts Counseling and Learning Center ⁴	\$4,405,591
Educational Outreach Program ⁴	\$805,369
Youth Internship and Education programs ⁵	\$5,909,392
Grants and donations for community-based programs ⁶	\$44,509,093
Community Benefit administration and operations ⁷	\$10,303,073
Subtotal	\$65,932,518
Benefits for the Broader Community	
Community health education and promotion programs	\$1,405,096
Community Giving Campaign administrative expenses	\$461,693
Grants and donations for the broader community ⁸	\$9,385,626
National Board of Directors fund	\$742,602
Subtotal	\$11,995,017
Health Research, Education, and Training	
Graduate Medical Education ⁹	\$131,903,855
Non-MD provider education and training programs ¹⁰	\$42,155,356
Grants and donations for the education of health care professionals ¹¹	\$4,163,885
Health research	\$40,597,825
Subtotal	\$218,820,921
TOTAL COMMUNITY BENEFITS PROVIDED	\$1,817,728,928

B. Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations

Medi-Cal

Kaiser Permanente provides coverage to Medi-Cal members in 32 counties in California through both direct contracts with the Department of Health Care Services (DHCS), and through delegated arrangements with other Medi-Cal managed care plans (MCPs). Kaiser Permanente also provides subsidized health care on a fee-for-service basis for Medi-Cal beneficiaries not enrolled as KFHP members. Reimbursement for some services is usually significantly below the cost of care and is considered subsidized care to non-member Medi-Cal fee-for-service patients.

Charitable Health Coverage

The Charitable Health Coverage program provides health care coverage to low-income individuals and families who do not have access to other public or private health coverage. CHC programs work by enrolling qualifying individuals in a Kaiser Permanente Individual and Family Health Plan. Through CHC, members' monthly premiums are subsidized, and members do not have to pay copays or out-of-pocket costs for most care at Kaiser Permanente facilities. Through CHC, members have a medical home that includes comprehensive coverage, preventive services and consistent access through the "front door" of the health delivery system.

Medical Financial Assistance

The Medical Financial Assistance program (MFA) improves health care access for people with limited incomes and resources and is fundamental to Kaiser Permanente's mission. Our MFA program helps low-income, uninsured, and underinsured patients receive access to care. The program provides temporary financial assistance or free care to patients who receive health care services from our providers, regardless of whether they have health coverage or are uninsured.

C. Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations

Watts Counseling and Learning Center (SCAL)

Since 1967, the Watts Counseling and Learning Center (WCLC) has been a valuable community resource for low-income, inner-city families in South Central Los Angeles. WCLC provides mental health and counseling services, educational assistance to children with learning disabilities, and a state-licensed and nationally accredited preschool program. Kaiser Permanente Health Plan membership is not required to receive these services, and all services are offered in both English and Spanish. This program primarily serves the KFHP-Downey, KFHP-South Bay and KFHP-West LA communities.

Educational Outreach Program (SCAL)

Since 1992, Educational Outreach Program (EOP) has been empowering children and their families through several year-round educational, counseling, and social programs. EOP helps individuals develop crucial life-skills to pursue higher education, live a healthier lifestyle through physical activity and proper nutrition, overcome mental obstacles by participating in counseling, and instill confidence to advocate for the community. EOP primarily serves the KFHP-Baldwin Park community.

Youth Internship and Education Programs (NCAL and SCAL)

Youth workforce programs such as the Summer Youth Employment Programs, IN-ROADS or KP LAUNCH focus on providing underserved students with meaningful employment experiences in the health care field. Educational sessions and motivational workshops introduce them to the possibility of pursuing a career in health care while enhancing job skills and work performance. These programs serve as a pipeline for the organization and community-at-large, addressing workforce shortages and enhancing cultural competency within the health care workforce.

D. Benefits for the Broader Community

Community Health Education and Health Promotion Programs (NCAL and SCAL)

Health Education provides evidence-based clinically effective programs, printed materials, and training sessions to empower participants to build healthier lifestyles. This program incorporates tested models of behavior change, individual/group engagement and motivational interviewing as a language to elicit behavior change. Many of the programs and resources are offered in partnership with community-based organizations, and schools.

E. Health Research, Education, and Training Programs

Graduate Medical Education (GME)

The Graduate Medical Education (GME) program provides training and education for medical residents and interns in the interest of educating the next generation of physicians. Residents are offered the opportunity to serve a large, culturally diverse patient base in a setting with sophisticated technology and information systems, established clinical guidelines and an emphasis on preventive and primary care. The majority of medical residents are studying within the primary care medicine areas of family practice, internal medicine, ob/gyn, pediatrics, preventive medicine, and psychiatry.

Non-MD Provider Education and Training Programs

Kaiser Permanente provides a range of training and education programs for nurse practitioners, nurses, radiology and sonography technicians, physical therapists, post-graduate psychology and social work students, pharmacists, and other non-physician health professionals. This includes Northern California Region's Kaiser Permanente School of Allied Health Sciences, which offers 18-month training programs in sonography, nuclear medicine, and radiation therapy, and Southern California Region's Hippocrates Circle Program, which was designed to provide youth from underserved communities with an awareness of career opportunities as a physician.

Health Research

Kaiser Permanente's research efforts are core to the organization's mission to improve population health, and its commitment to continued learning. Kaiser Permanente researchers study critical health issues such as cancer, cardiovascular conditions, diabetes, behavioral and mental health, and health care delivery improvement. Kaiser Permanente's research is broadly focused on three themes: understanding health risks; addressing patients' needs and improving health outcomes; and informing policy

and practice to facilitate the use of evidence-based care. Kaiser Permanente is uniquely positioned to conduct research due to its rich, longitudinal, electronic clinical databases that capture virtually complete health care delivery, payment, decision-making and behavioral data across inpatient, outpatient, and emergency department settings.

III. Community Served

A. Kaiser Permanente's Definition of Community Served

Kaiser Permanente defines the community served by a hospital as those individuals residing within its hospital service area. A hospital service area includes all residents in a defined geographic area surrounding the hospital and does not exclude low-income or underserved populations.

B. Demographic Profile of Community Served

KFH-San Rafael service area demographic profile

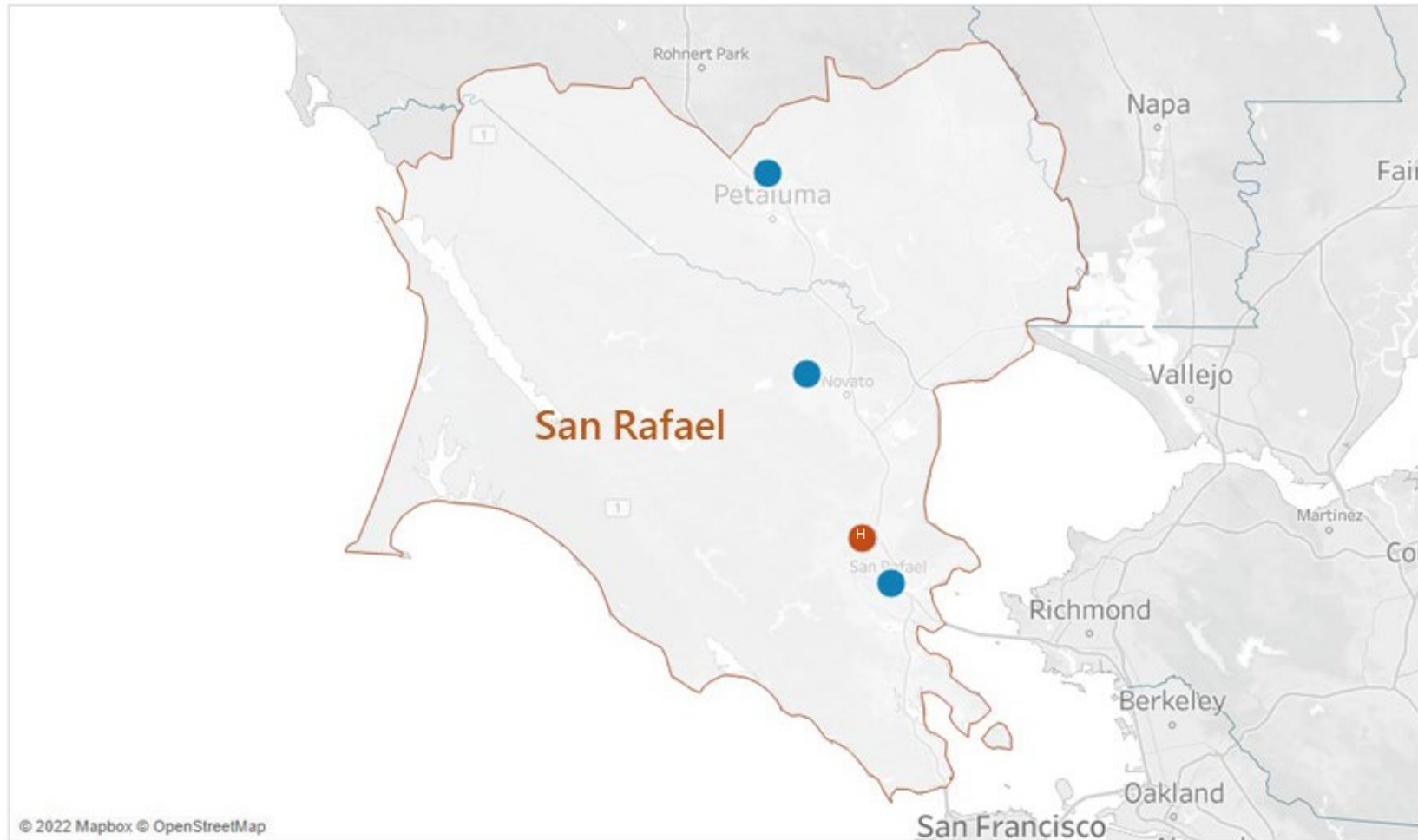
Total population:	364,577
American Indian/Alaska Native	0.2%
Asian	5.6%
Black	2.0%
Hispanic (Latinx)	19.3%
Multiracial	3.3%
Native Hawaiian/other Pacific Islander	0.2%
Other race/ethnicity	0.3%
White	69.1%
Under age 18	19.9%
Age 65 and over	21.4%

SOURCE: AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY, 2015-2019

C. Map and Description of Community Served

KFH-San Rafael service area

 Kaiser Permanente hospital  Kaiser Permanente medical offices



The KFH-San Rafael service area comprises Marin County and the southern portion of Sonoma County, including the cities of Petaluma, Boyes Hot Springs, and Sonoma. Cities in Marin County include Belvedere, Corte Madera, Fairfax, Larkspur, Mill Valley, Novato, Ross, San Anselmo, San Rafael, Sausalito, Marin City, Tiburon, Stinson Beach, Bolinas, Point Reyes, Inverness, Marshall, and Tomales.

IV. Description of Community Health Needs Addressed

The following are the health needs KFH-San Rafael is addressing during the 2023-2025 Implementation Strategy period. For information about the process and criteria used to select these health needs and the health needs that were not selected (and the rationale), please review the [2022 CHNA Report and the 2023-2025 Implementation Strategy Report](http://www.kp.org/chna). (<http://www.kp.org/chna>).

A. Health Needs Addressed

1. **Income & employment:** Economic opportunities provide individuals with jobs, income, a sense of purpose, and opportunities to improve their economic circumstances over time. People with steady employment are less likely to have an income below poverty level and more likely to be healthy. Those who do not have enough resources to meet daily needs such as safe housing and enough food to eat are more likely to experience health-harming stress and die at a younger age. Although the San Rafael service area is among the wealthiest in California, income, access to employment, and the ability to generate long-term wealth varies throughout the service area. The median household income for white families is twice as high as the median household income of Black and Latinx families. Additionally, 25 percent of Latinx children in Marin County live below the federal poverty level, compared to 6 percent of white, 8 percent of Asian, and 14 percent Black children. This inequity is due to many factors related to the high cost of living and access to good paying jobs in the county. Interviewed community leaders shared that these challenges were furthered by the COVID-19 pandemic, illness, and public health orders limiting which business and services were open to the public, negatively impacting employment and wages – especially for those working in the service sector. To address income inequality in the service area, key informants recommended employers to be more creative with salaries, benefits, retention strategies, and recruitment strategies for jobs within Marin County.
2. **Access to care:** Access to comprehensive, quality health care services — including having insurance, local care options, and a usual source of care — is important for ensuring quality of life for everyone. Insurance by itself does not guarantee access to appropriate care, and many community members experience barriers related to language, transportation options, differential treatment based on race, as well as access to fewer health care resources. In the San Rafael service area, although only 4 percent of the population is uninsured, 13 percent of adults reported delaying or having difficulty accessing health care that they felt they needed. This is in part due to rising health care costs and lack of adequate transportation for those living in rural areas. Additionally, access to regular care varies by population: 94 percent of Asian, 93 percent of white, 80 percent of Latinx, and 52 percent of Black residents have a usual source of health care. Interviewed community leaders shared there is a lack of culturally responsive providers and providers focused on the specific care needs of underserved communities, LGBTQ+ individuals, as well as a lack of understanding of the intersectionality of multiple identities. They identified strategies to address access to care, such as expanding health education and outreach; emphasizing the role of Promotores as key health care advocates and trusted messengers in local communities; and collaborating with leaders in multiple sectors to create an integrated health care system.

- 3. Education:** The link between education and health is well known — those with higher levels of education are more likely to be healthier and live longer. Having a high school diploma is correlated strongly with healthy behaviors, improved quality of life, and higher life expectancy. Children from families with low incomes are less likely to experience the numerous benefits of attending preschool, including higher rates of high school graduation and college attendance and lower levels of juvenile incarceration. Access to early learning opportunities is limited for some children in Marin County; 35 percent of Marin County 3-to-5-year-olds are not enrolled in preschool. Additionally, the high school dropout rate of Marin County students increased from 1 percent of students in the 2014-15 school year to 6 percent in the 2016-17 school year. Only 68 percent of Latinx residents have obtained at least a high school diploma, compared to 98 percent of white, 93 percent of Asian, and 85 percent of Black residents. Interviewed community leaders emphasized learning losses for children during school closures due to COVID-19. They noted that remote learning options were limited for students without reliable internet access. They also emphasized the lack of adequate staff for education positions, particularly preschool teachers and school psychologists.
- 4. Mental & behavioral health:** Mental health affects all areas of life, including a person's physical well-being, ability to work and perform well in school and to participate fully in family and community activities. Anxiety, depression, and suicidal ideation are on the rise due to the COVID-19 pandemic, particularly among Black and Latinx Americans. Communities across the country are experiencing a critical lack of capacity to meet the increased demand for mental health services. In Marin County the age adjusted rate of death due to suicide, alcohol related disease, and drug overdoses per 100,000 population is only slightly better than California as a whole (32.0 compared to 34.3 per 100,000). However, the age adjusted rate of death due to intentional self-harm specifically is higher: 13.2 per 100,000 in Marin County compared to 10.5 per 100,000 statewide. Additionally, there are disparities related to mental and behavioral health. For example, 61 percent of students who are gay, lesbian, or bisexual reported feeling sad or hopeless almost every day compared to 23 percent of students who are straight. Interviewed community leaders noted the need for ongoing support, particularly to address the mental health impacts of recent wildfires and the COVID-19 pandemic. They noted that specific communities such as Latinx and Black residents may be particularly hesitant to utilize mental health or substance use services due to a lack of culturally competent care options. They also identified strategies to address mental and behavioral health such as peer support and drop-in centers.

B. Health Needs Not Addressed

The significant health needs identified in the 2022 CHNA that KFH-San Rafael does not plan to address are shown in the table below, along with the reasons for not addressing those needs.

Reason	Housing	Structural racism	Unhealthy substance use
Significant Kaiser Permanente investments already have been made to address this need	X		
This need is incorporated into other needs selected	X	X	X
Aspects of this need will be addressed in strategies for other needs	X		

V. Year-End Results

A. Community Benefit Financial Resources

Total Community Benefit expenditures are reported as follows:

- Medical care services for vulnerable populations include unreimbursed inpatient costs for participation in Kaiser Permanente-subsidized and government-sponsored health care insurance programs.
- Since 2006, figures for subsidized products have been reported on a cost-basis (e.g., the difference of total revenues collected for services less direct and indirect expenses).
- Grant and donations are recorded in the general ledger in the appropriate amount and accounting period on an accrual, not cash basis. The amount reported reflects hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures are not available, dollars are allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of KFHP members.
- The unreimbursed portion of medical, nursing, and other health care professional education and training costs are included.

Resource allocations are reported as follows:

- Financial expenditures are reported in exact amounts, if available, by hospital service area.
- If exact financial expenditure amounts are not available by hospital service area, then regional expenses are allocated proportionally based on KFHP membership or other quantifiable data.

Table B**KFH-San Rafael Community Benefits Provided in 2024** (Endnotes in Appendix)

Category	Total Spend
Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations	
Medi-Cal shortfall ¹	\$7,470,301
Charity care: Medical Financial Assistance Program ²	\$8,137,460
Grants and donations for medical services ³	\$347,303
Subtotal	\$15,955,064
Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations	
Youth Internship and Education programs ⁵	\$128,821
Grants and donations for community-based programs ⁶	\$655,424
Community Benefit administration and operations ⁷	\$149,094
Subtotal	\$933,339
Benefits for the Broader Community	
Community Giving Campaign administrative expenses	\$8,842
Grants and donations for the broader community ⁸	\$156,355
National Board of Directors fund	\$13,419
Subtotal	\$178,616
Health Research, Education, and Training	
Graduate Medical Education ⁹	\$471,802
Non-MD provider education and training programs ¹⁰	\$1,766,931
Health research	\$992,148
Subtotal	\$3,230,881
TOTAL COMMUNITY BENEFITS PROVIDED	\$20,297,900

B. Examples of Activities to Address Selected Health Needs

All Kaiser Foundation Hospitals planned for and drew on a broad array of resources and strategies to improve the health of our communities. Resources and strategies deployed to address the identified health needs of communities include grantmaking, in-kind resources, and collaborations with community-based organizations such as local health departments and other hospital systems. Kaiser Permanente also leverages internal programs such as Medicaid, charitable health coverage, medical financial assistance, health professional education, and research to address needs prioritized in communities. Grants to community-based organizations are a key part of the contributions Kaiser Permanente makes each year to address identified health needs, and we prioritize work intended to reduce health disparities and improve health equity. In addition to contributing financial resources, we leveraged assets from across Kaiser Permanente to help us achieve our mission to improve the health of communities. The complete 2022 IS report is available at <https://www.kp.org/chna>.

For each priority health need in the 2022 Implementation Strategy, examples of stories of impact are described below. Additionally, Kaiser Permanente NCAL provided significant contributions to the East Bay Community Foundation (EBCF) in the interest of funding effective long-term, strategic community benefit initiatives. These EBCF-managed funds, however, are not included in the financial totals for 2024.

Access to care

KFH-San Rafael ensures access to care by serving those most in need of health care through Medicaid, medical financial assistance, and charitable health coverage.

Care and coverage programs, KFH-San Rafael

Year	Care & coverage details	Medicaid, CHIP, and other government-sponsored programs	Charitable Health Coverage	Medical Financial Assistance	Total
2024	Investment	\$7,470,301	\$0	\$8,137,460	\$15,607,761
2024	Individuals served	10,838	3	6,543	17,384

Access to quality health care is one of the key drivers of health equity; it is foundational to maintaining health, preventing disease, and reducing avoidable disability and premature death. While the measures for Marin County residents are better than the average of other service areas across the state, many residents still faced barriers accessing the care they need. Four community partners work to advance the goals of the Access to Quality Health Care grants, which are to ensure access to quality health care services for those experiencing the greatest disparities, specifically older adults and those who are under or uninsured. As a result of these grants, RotaCare Clinic of San Rafael and Marin City Health and Wellness Center are able to provide access to benefits enrollment support, and free medical services to those who are experiencing hardship and were a member of populations in need. Two additional partners, Vivalon and West Marin Senior Services, provided services tailored to older adults to meet their needs, including insurance coverage and enrollment, wellness classes, and caregiver resources.

Education

Educational attainment is linked to health throughout the lifespan. While some education outcomes are higher for Marin County than the rest of California, disparities indicated that educational equality was a high concern in the county. Access to early learning opportunities was limited for some children; 35% of children aged three to five years old were not enrolled in preschool. The Access to Quality Early Childhood Education grants program aimed to address these disparities by expanding the number of subsidized preschool slots in Marin County, , and increased support for programs that provided staff training and development to improve the early childhood workforce. The bi-lingual parent participation play groups and Transitional Kindergarten & Kindergarten Summer Bridge programs provided access to free and important social, academic, creative, and physical education.

Income and Employment

Stable income and employment ensure people had the financial resources, support, career and educational opportunities necessary to be able to live their fullest life. At a high level, Marin County is the wealthiest in California. However, several disparities in income, access to employment, and ability to generate long-term wealth exist throughout the San Rafael service area. In Marin County, the median household income for white families is twice as high as that of Black and Latinx families, and 25% of Latinx children live below the federal poverty level, compared to 6% of white, 8% of Asian, and 14% Black children. The Removing Barriers for Economic Mobility grant aims to address these disparities by funding La Luz Center to provide Sonoma Valley residents with support for job readiness and employment. The grant is expected to help at least 300 Sonoma Valley residents obtain higher paying jobs by providing workshops, training, and resume support. To measure success, individuals and employers who are successfully matched are tracked over time to learn from their experience.

Mental and behavioral health

While across most measures, mental and behavioral health needs in the San Rafael service area are similar to or better than state benchmarks, residents have significant needs related to mental health. According to the 2019 Marin County Community Health Assessment, 26% of adults in Marin County reported needing help with mental, emotional, or substance abuse problems. The age-adjusted rate of death due to intentional self-harm is 26% higher than the state: 13.2 for every 100,000 residents in Marin compared to 10.5 statewide, and interviewed leaders highlighted the increased risk of depression. The Improving Social Emotional Health and Wellbeing for Youth grant aims to address these issues by engaging youth in peer mentor groups and projects that improved their mental health and well-being by providing education and supportive cultural identity exploration. The grant funds Huckleberry Youth's educational workshops for youth, and provides education about substance use and prevention, and sexual and reproductive health. The goal was to serve youth through this program, with a 75% retention rate. Additionally, the grant funded three separate workshops for parents and caregivers, with the goal to reduce stigmas and increase knowledge related to mental health and sexual health.

VI. Appendix

Appendix A

2024 Community Benefits Provided by Hospital Service Area in California

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA HOSPITALS	
Hospital	Amount
Antioch	\$47,720,034
Fremont	\$22,970,664
Fresno	\$34,586,158
Manteca	\$71,760,342
Modesto	\$36,893,159
Oakland	\$99,321,992
Redwood City	\$26,948,137
Richmond	\$47,225,724
Roseville	\$81,181,909
Sacramento	\$124,225,099
San Francisco	\$50,536,977
San Jose	\$54,457,366
San Leandro	\$53,802,209
San Rafael	\$20,297,900
Santa Clara	\$77,243,071
Santa Rosa	\$40,236,328
South Sacramento	\$106,133,891
South San Francisco	\$22,693,794
Vacaville	\$38,961,577
Vallejo	\$53,996,988
Walnut Creek	\$41,424,543
Northern California Total	\$1,152,617,863

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA HOSPITALS	
Hospital	Amount
Anaheim	\$30,956,879
Baldwin Park	\$40,954,828
Downey	\$61,000,446
Fontana	\$95,164,025
Irvine	\$18,244,549
Los Angeles	\$83,781,616
Moreno Valley	\$26,631,059
Ontario	\$11,541,841
Panorama City	\$44,037,549
Riverside	\$47,736,423
San Diego (2 hospitals)	\$65,670,970
San Marcos	\$14,424,173
South Bay	\$39,041,738
West Los Angeles	\$59,341,185
Woodland Hills	\$26,583,785
Southern California Total	\$665,111,065

Appendix B

Endnotes

- ¹ Amount includes hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures for Medi-Cal Managed Care members and Medi-Cal Fee-for-Service beneficiaries on a cost basis.
- ² Amount includes unreimbursed care provided to patients who qualify for Medical Financial Assistance on a cost basis.
- ³ Figures reported in this section for grants and donations consist of charitable contributions to community clinics and other safety-net providers and support access to care.
- ⁴ Applicable to only SCAL - Watts Counseling and Learning Center's service expenses are divided among three hospitals: KFH-Downey, KFH-South Bay, and KFH-West Los Angeles. Educational Outreach Program service expenses are only applicable to KFH-Baldwin Park.
- ⁵ Figures reported in this section are expenses for youth internship and education programs for under-represented populations.
- ⁶ Figures reported in this section for grants and donations consist of charitable contributions to community-based organizations that address the nonmedical needs of vulnerable populations.
- ⁷ The amount reflects the costs of the community benefit department and related operational expenses.
- ⁸ Figures reported in this section for grants and donations are aimed at supporting the general well-being of the broader community.
- ⁹ Amount reflects the net expenditures for training and education for medical residents, interns, and fellows.
- ¹⁰ Amount reflects the net expenditures for health professional education and training programs.
- ¹¹ Figures reported in this section for grants and donations consist of charitable contributions made to external nonprofit organizations, colleges, and universities to support the training and education of students seeking to become health care professionals.