

Oncology Safety Guide: When to Seek Immediate Care

Call 911 or go to the Emergency Room right away if you experience:

- Difficulty breathing, shortness of breath, or pain with deep inhalation
- Chest pain or pressure
- Severe confusion, inability to stay awake, or new trouble speaking
- Bleeding that won't stop (vomiting blood, black/tarry stools, coughing up blood)
- Seizures
- Sudden, severe headache with vision changes

Contact your Oncology Team the same day if you notice any of the following:

- Fever or Infection Signs
 - Fever $\geq 100.4^{\circ}\text{F}$ (38°C)
 - Chills or shaking
 - Sore throat, cough, or new congestion
 - Burning or pain with urination
- Uncontrolled Gastrointestinal Symptoms
 - Vomiting that prevents you from keeping your medicines down
 - Severe or persistent diarrhea (4 or more loose stools/day)
 - Severe constipation (no bowel movement for multiple days and abdominal pain)
 - Mouth sores making it hard to eat or drink
- Unusual Bleeding or Bruising
 - Nosebleeds that won't stop
 - Bleeding gums
 - Large bruises without a clear cause
 - Blood in urine or stool
 - New or worsening rash or skin discoloration
- New Neurologic Symptoms
 - Worsening numbness or tingling in hands or feet
 - New trouble with balance
 - Persistent dizziness
 - New vision changes
- Cardiac or Circulatory Changes
 - New or worsening swelling
 - Irregular heartbeat (fluttering, palpitation, or pounding sensation in your chest)
 - Sudden weight gain (more than 2 or 3 pounds overnight)
- Patients treated for CLL or CML
 - Swollen or painful lymph nodes
 - Night sweats
 - Lowered appetite, unintended weight loss, abdominal swelling or discomfort