Iptacopan (Fabhalta)

Notes:

- Quantity Limits: Yes
- Lack of response to ravulizumab OR eculizumab defined as hemoglobin <10.5 and continued need for transfusion after 3 months of treatment
- For C3G recommend not to initiate if any apply:
 - o Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is below 30 mL/min; or
 - o C3G secondary to another condition; or
 - o Severe infection within 14 days; or
 - Above 50% global glomerulosclerosis, crescentic glomerulonephritis, or interstitial fibrosis;
 or
 - o Solid organ or cell transplant; or
 - o History of recurrent invasive infections caused by encapsulated organisms; or
 - o Post-infectious glomerulonephritis; or
 - o Monoclonal gammopathy; or
 - Use of immunosuppressants (MMF okay), cyclophosphamide, or systemic corticosteroids equivalent to prednisolone above 7.5 mg/day within 90 days

<u>Initiation (new start) criteria</u>: Non-formulary **iptacopan (Fabhalta)** will be covered on the prescription drug benefit when the following criteria are met:

- For paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
 - Prescribed by Oncologist or Hematologist enrolled in the FABHALTA REMS
 - Completion of vaccination against Streptococcus pneumoniae, Neisseria meningitidis, and Haemophilus influenzae type B according to ACIP recommendations at least two weeks before starting iptacopan, unless the risks of delaying therapy with iptacopan outweigh the risk of developing a serious infection
 - o There is no evidence of an active infection caused by encapsulated bacteria (e.g., Streptococcus pneumonia, Neisseria meningitidis, Haemophilus type B)
 - Patient is at least 18 years of age
 - Patient has a diagnosis of PNH
 - Patient has failed an adequate trial or contraindications or intolerance to at least TWO lines of treatment, including either eculizumab or ravulizumab

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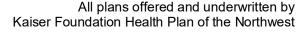


Iptacopan (Fabhalta)

- For IgA Nephropathy (IgAN)
 - o Prescribed by Nephrologist enrolled in the FABHALTA REMS
 - Completion of vaccination against Streptococcus pneumoniae, Neisseria meningitidis, and Haemophilus influenzae type B according to ACIP recommendations at least two weeks before starting iptacopan, unless the risks of delaying therapy with iptacopan outweigh the risk of developing a serious infection
 - There is no evidence of an active infection caused by encapsulated bacteria (e.g., Streptococcus pneumonia, Neisseria meningitidis, Haemophilus type B)
 - o Patient is at least 18 years of age
 - o Patient has a diagnosis of IgAN confirmed with kidney biopsy
 - Patient has a urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR) greater than or equal to 1.5 g/g
 - Patient has an estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate (eGFR) greater than or equal to 30 mL/min/1.73 m²
 - Patient is not currently receiving dialysis and has not undergone a kidney transplant
 - Patient has an inadequate response after a 3-month course of maximally tolerated ACE-Inhibitor (ACEI) or ARB therapy or an intolerance to ACEI or ARB therapy or contraindication to ALL ACEI or ARB agents
 - Patient has an inadequate response after a 6-month course of glucocorticoid therapy (e.g., methylprednisolone, prednisolone, prednisone), an intolerance to glucocorticoid therapy or contraindication or comorbid condition, and therapy with ALL glucocorticoids is not appropriate for the patient
 - The patient will continue on standard of care IgAN therapy (e.g., ACEI, ARB, SGLT2-inhibitor, aliskiren)
 - o The patient has an inadequate response to each of the following:
 - Budesonide EC (Entocort EC)
 - Budesonide DR (Tarpeyo)
 - Sparsentan (Filspari)
 - Patient will not receive therapy in combination with budesonide, sparsentan, or an additional complement inhibitor (e.g., crovalimab, danicopan, eculizumab, ravulizumab, or pegcetacoplan)
 - Dose does not exceed 200 mg twice daily

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Iptacopan (Fabhalta)

- For complement 3 glomerulopathy (C3G)
 - o Prescribed by Nephrologist enrolled in the FABHALTA REMS
 - o Patient is at least 18 years of age
 - o Biopsy-confirmed primary C3G
 - o Reduced serum C3 level below 77 mg/dL
 - Ruled out secondary causes of C3 deposits on biopsy and low serum complement level (e.g., active/subclinical infection, paraproteinemia, systemic autoimmune disorders)
 - o UPCR greater than or equal to 1 g/g or 24-hour proteinuria greater than 1 g/day
 - Received vaccinations against Streptococcus pneumoniae, Neisseria meningitidis (types AC, C, W, Y and B), and Haemophilus influenzae type B
 - o Trialed mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) in combination with corticosteroids; and
 - Optimizing baseline therapies below:
 - Angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors (ACEi) or angiotensin II receptor blockers (ARB)
 - Sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 inhibitor (SGLT2i: i.e., empagliflozin)
 - Statin for renal protective measures
 - Blood pressure management target below 130/80 mm Hg

Criteria for current Kaiser Permanente members already taking the medication who have not been reviewed previously and for new members entering Kaiser

Permanente already taking the medication who have not been reviewed previously:

Non-formulary iptacopan (Fabhalta) will be covered on the prescription drug benefit when the following criteria are met:

- For PNH
 - Prescribed by Oncologist or Hematologist enrolled in the FABHALTA REMS
 - Patient is at least 18 years of age
 - o Patient has a diagnosis of PNH
 - Completion of vaccination against Streptococcus pneumoniae, Neisseria meningitidis, and Haemophilus influenzae type B according to ACIP recommendations at least two weeks before starting iptacopan, unless the risks of delaying therapy with iptacopan outweigh the risk of developing a serious infection
 - Patient has been revaccinated against encapsulated bacteria (e.g., Streptococcus pneumoniae, Neisseria meningitidis) at least 2 weeks prior to therapy initiation according to current medical guidelines for vaccination while on iptacopan therapy

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Iptacopan (Fabhalta)

For IgAN

- Prescribed by Nephrologist enrolled in the FABHALTA REMS
- Completion of vaccination against Streptococcus pneumoniae, Neisseria meningitidis, and Haemophilus influenzae type B according to ACIP recommendations at least two weeks before starting iptacopan, unless the risks of delaying therapy with iptacopan outweigh the risk of developing a serious infection
- Patient has been revaccinated against encapsulated bacteria (e.g., Streptococcus pneumoniae, Neisseria meningitidis) at least 2 weeks prior to therapy initiation according to current medical guidelines for vaccination while on iptacopan therapy
- Patient is greater than or equal to 18 years of age
- o Patient has a diagnosis of IgAN
- Patient is not receiving therapy in combination with budesonide, sparsentan, or an additional complement inhibitor (e.g., crovalimab, danicopan, eculizumab, ravulizumab, or pegcetacoplan)
- For complement 3 glomerulopathy (C3G)
 - Prescribed by Nephrologist enrolled in the FABHALTA REMS
 - Patient is greater than or equal to 18 years of age
 - Biopsy-confirmed primary C3G
 - Received vaccinations against Streptococcus pneumoniae, Neisseria meningitidis (types AC, C, W, Y and B), and Haemophilus influenzae type B.
 - Patient has been revaccinated against encapsulated bacteria (e.g., Streptococcus pneumoniae, Neisseria meningitidis) at least 2 weeks prior to therapy initiation according to current medical guidelines for vaccination while on iptacopan therapy

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